

SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON FOR KITSAP COUNTY

IN RE:

**LOCAL RULES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
OF WASHINGTON FOR KITSAP COUNTY**

**EMERGENCY ORDER
AMENDING LOCAL COURT
RULES**

Pursuant to Civil Rules for Superior Court, the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Kitsap County hereby adopts the following emergency local rules, local rule amendments, and/or associated forms exhibits, to be effective January 1, 2024:

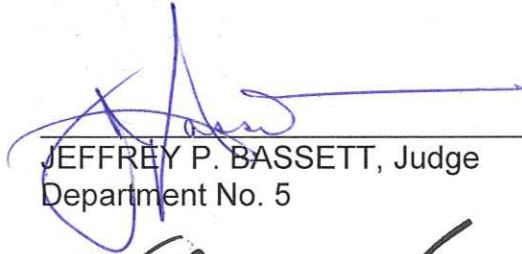
KCLCR 40(b)(5)(B)(i)	Methods – Case Management; Track II – Complex Litigation
KCLCR 77(k)(5)	Motion Day – Local Rules; Domestic Relations Matters
KCLCR 77(k)(7)	Motion Day – Local Rules; Minor Guardianship Matters
KCLCR 77(k)(11)(A)(ii)	Hearing of Motions; Mandatory Confirmations
Exhibit A	Note for Trial Setting
Exhibit B	[Rescind]

Copies of these rules are attached.

DATED and SIGNED this 19th day of December, 2023.



TINA ROBINSON, Judge
Department No. 1



JEFFREY P. BASSETT, Judge
Department No. 5



MICHELLE ADAMS, Judge
Department No. 2



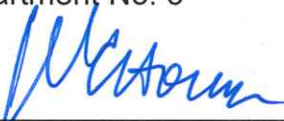
KEVIN. D. HULL, Judge
Department No. 6



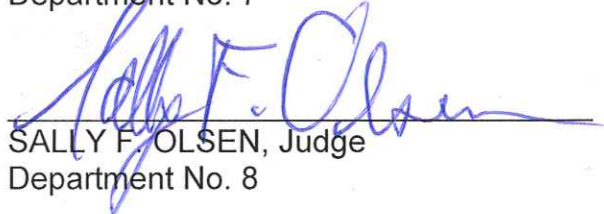
MELISSA A HEMSTREET, Judge
Department No. 3



JENNIFER A. FORBES, Presiding Judge
Department No. 7



WILLIAM C. HOUSER, Judge
Department No. 4



SALLY F. OLSEN, Judge
Department No. 8

VI. TRIALS

KCLCR 40 ASSIGNMENT OF CASES

(b) Methods.

(1) Trial Setting.

- (A) Note for Trial Setting. Any party desiring to obtain a trial date may note the matter on the trial setting calendar using the Note for Trial Setting (Exhibit A) after all named parties have been served.

The moving party must identify all counsel and/or parties and their mailing addresses. Personal appearance by counsel is not necessary. Settings will be done administratively and the Court shall mail a default case event schedule that contains all case events and deadlines listed herein and the trial date to all parties listed on the Note for Trial Setting. If a dispute arises over a setting, the matter shall be heard on the civil motion calendar in accordance with KCLCR 77(k).

Alternatively, a party may note a motion to set a trial date on the civil motions docket at any time. At said hearing, the Court will set a trial date and (absent good cause) a settlement conference date and the Court may set deadlines for effecting service upon unserved parties and may compel the filing of answers by parties against whom relief is sought. The Court may order the striking of pleadings of parties who/which do not comply with such orders.

After a trial date has been set, if all parties can agree upon a case schedule which includes all case events listed herein, the parties may file the agreed case schedule in place of the Court's default case event schedule. If the parties do not file a case event schedule within 60 days of the announcement of the trial date, the Court's default schedule shall prevail.

A party must file and serve a jury demand on or before the time of trial setting or the right to a jury trial will be waived. A party who/which has not appeared at the time of trial setting must file and serve a jury demand within sixty (60) days of service of the initial pleadings or the right to a jury trial will be waived.

All telephone communications regarding trial settings, special motion settings, and scheduling should initially be with the Court Scheduler at **(360) 337-7008**.

- (B) Visiting Judge Required. The Court shall be notified at the time of trial setting if an attorney practicing in Kitsap County is a party or a witness in any matter before the Court or of any other matter needing a visiting judge.

- (2) Mental Illness Hearings. Mental illness hearings will be set through the Court Scheduler.
- (3) Standby Calendar. In the event that a case cannot be heard on the date set for trial it will be held on a standby calendar and counsel will be given a minimum of two hours' notice for trial.
- (A) Notification. The Court Scheduler shall contact the parties to advise them of the standby status of their case.
- (B) Standby Calendar at Counsel Request. A standby calendar at the parties' request may be created with the following conditions and addressed to the Court Scheduler.
- (i) *Trial - Kitsap County Superior Court.* If an attorney is in another trial in Kitsap County Superior Court.
- (ii) *Trial - Other Courts.* If an attorney has a conflict with another Superior Court, Appellate Court, or Federal Court, with the approval of the Presiding Judge.
- (iii) *Emergency.* If an illness or other emergency situation arises involving the litigants, witnesses, or lawyers, with the approval of the Presiding Judge.
- (iv) *Other Requests.* Any other request must be made to the Presiding Judge.
- (v) *Pending Settlement.* Cases pending settlement will not be placed on standby at counsel's request, but may be reset.
- (4) Notice to Court of Calendar and Jury Trial Changes. Whenever a cause has been set for trial and thereafter is settled or will not be tried for any reason, or if a jury is thereafter waived, notice shall immediately be given to the Court Scheduler.
- (5) Case Management. A Note For Trial Setting filed pursuant to section (1)(A) above, shall designate that the case falls within one of the following categories:
- | | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| Track I | Standard/General Civil Litigation |
| Track II | Complex Litigation |
| Track III | Domestic Relations |

Once designated, counsel shall comply with the tracking procedures set forth below.

- (A) Track I - Standard/General Civil Litigation.
- (i) *Scope.* Except as otherwise provided in these rules or as otherwise ordered by the Court, this rule shall apply to all civil cases except:

- Adoptions;
 - Domestic violence;
 - Civil harassment;
 - URESA cases;
 - Juvenile proceedings;
 - Paternities;
 - Minor Settlements;
 - Probates;
 - Guardianships;
 - Unlawful Detainers;
 - Reviews of administrative agency actions;
 - Appeals from courts of limited jurisdiction;
 - Foreign judgments;
 - Petitions for writs of mandamus, restitution, etc.;
 - Civil commitments; and
 - Proceedings under RCW 70.96A.
- (ii) *Preassignment and Case Schedule.* At the time a matter is noted for trial setting, the Court shall randomly preassign a department of the Superior Court to hear the case. The Court shall enter an Order Setting Trial Date and a Civil Case Event Schedule in the form set forth in Exhibit D of these rules.
- (iii) *Amendment of Order Setting Case Event Schedule.* Upon motion of any party or the Court, and upon good cause shown, the preassigned judge may modify any date in the original Order Setting Trial Date and Civil Case Event Schedule. Copies of said amended order shall be filed and served upon all parties.
- (iv) *Additional Parties.* A party who joins an additional party in an action shall be responsible for serving the additional party with the current Order Setting Trial Date and Civil Case Event Schedule together with the first pleading served on the additional party.
- (v) *Time Intervals for Case Event Schedule.* Except as otherwise provided in the rules, or as otherwise ordered by the Court pursuant to section (A)(iii) above, the parties and counsel shall comply with the case event schedule, which shall include at minimum

EVENT:	DEADLINE:
Disclosure of Possible Primary Witnesses	240 days before trial date
Disclosure of Possible Additional Witnesses	150 days before trial date
Discovery Cutoff	120 days before trial date

EVENT:	DEADLINE:
Mandatory Settlement Conference	90 days before trial date
Last day to hear Dispositive Pretrial Motions	60 days before trial date
Exchange of Witness and Exhibit Lists	20 days before trial date
Joint Statement of the Evidence	7 days before trial date
Filing of Trial Briefs	5 days before trial date
Trial Date	

Comment: These dates will be set forth in the Civil Case Event Schedule.

- (vi) *Enforcement.* The Court on its own initiative, or on motion of a party, may order an attorney or party to show cause as to why sanctions or terms should not be imposed for failure to comply with the case schedule established by these rules. If the Court finds that an attorney or party has failed to comply with the case schedule and has no reasonable excuse or other good cause, the Court may order the attorney or party to pay monetary sanctions to the Court, or terms to any attorney or party who has incurred expense as a result of the failure to comply, or both. In addition, the Court may impose such other sanctions or terms as justice requires. As used in this rule, “terms” means costs, reasonable attorney fees and other expenses incurred or to be incurred as a result of the failure to comply; “monetary sanctions” means a financial penalty payable to the Court, and “other sanctions” includes, but is not limited to, the exclusion of evidence and other sanctions available pursuant to the Civil Rules and Local Court Rules.
- (vii) *Discovery Cutoff.* Unless otherwise ordered by the Court for good cause and subject to such terms and conditions as are just, all discovery allowed under Civil Rules 26-37, including responses and supplements thereto, must be completed no later than the date specified in the Civil Case Event Schedule. Discovery requests must be served early enough that responses will be due and depositions will have been taken prior to the cutoff date. Nothing in this rule shall modify a party’s responsibility to seasonably supplement responses to discovery requests or otherwise to comply with discovery prior to the cutoff, nor shall a party be prevented from seeking relief under CR 37 after the cutoff date for discovery properly sought in accordance with this rule.

- (viii) *Dispositive Pretrial Motions.* No hearings on dispositive pretrial motions shall be heard by the Court after the cutoff date specified in the Civil Case Event Schedule, except upon good cause shown and upon such terms and conditions as the Court may deem just, including assessment of terms and sanctions.
- (ix) *Settlement Conference.* Reserved [See KCLCR 16(a).]

(B) Track II - Complex Litigation.

- (i) *Leave of Court Required.* Assignment to Track II requires court approval. A request for assignment to Civil Track II may be made by filing and noting the motion on the Presiding Judge's departmental calendar. Where the Court determines that a decision can be made based upon the pleadings of the parties and without oral argument, the Court will strike the hearing noted by the moving party and notify the parties of its decision. The Court may place a case on Track II on its own motion at any time.
- (ii) *Scope.* The following factors shall be weighed in determining whether a case will be placed on Track II:
- Nature of subject matter;
 - Degree of complexity;
 - Amount in controversy;
 - Number of attorneys/parties involved; and
 - Length of trial.
- (iii) *Preassignment and Case Schedule.* The Presiding Judge will accept or deny a request submitted pursuant to section (B)(i) above and notify parties. A department of the Superior Court shall be preassigned to hear the case.
- (iv) *Management conference.* A case must be at issue at the time of the initial management conference. The initial management conference shall be held within 60 days of acceptance into Track II, at which conference the following shall occur:
- Assignment of a trial date;
 - Parties submit case management schedule approved by the Court; and
 - Assignment of a date for the mandatory settlement conference.
- (v) *Amendment of Order Setting Case Schedule.* Upon written motion of any party or the Court, and upon good cause shown, the preassigned judge may modify any date in an order entered pursuant to section (B)(iii) above. Copies of said amended order shall be filed and served upon all parties.

- (vii) *Cases under the Land Use Petition Act, RCW 36.70C.* When a land use petition (pursuant to RCW 36.70C) is filed with the Kitsap County Superior Court, all such cases shall be treated as Track II complex litigation and in accordance with the following procedures:

Pre-Assignment to a Superior Court Judge. Land Use Petition Act cases shall be assigned to a superior court judge, who shall hear and decide all matters in the case.

Notice of Land Use Petition. Within 7 days of the filing of a petition under the Land Use Petition Act, RCW 36.70C, the petitioner shall provide written notice of the filed petition to the Kitsap County Court Scheduler, identify it as a Land Use Petition Act case, and ask that the case be assigned to a judge. The Court Scheduler will note an initial hearing before the assigned judge.

Initial Hearing. A scheduling order setting the dates for filing the record, submitting briefs, and hearings will be issued at or shortly after the initial hearing. The parties should attempt to determine a mutually agreed upon scheduling order prior to the initial hearing. The parties may waive the initial hearing by filing a stipulated order resolving jurisdictional and procedural issues raised by the petition and setting a schedule for briefing, filing the record and transcripts and a hearing on the merits. Prior to filing a stipulated scheduling order, the petitioner shall contact the Court Scheduler to obtain a tentative date for the merits hearing.

Preparation of Administrative Record. Copies of the administrative record shall be provided to all parties. A bench copy of the record with an index and document identification tabs shall be provided to the assigned judge. A copy of the administrative record without side tabs shall be filed with the Superior Court Clerk for the court file.

Preparation of Transcripts. Verbatim transcripts shall be prepared by a certified court reporter and submitted to all parties for a period of seven days for correction of errors prior to filing.

Briefs. The petitioner shall have at least 30 days after the record and verbatim transcripts are filed to file and serve its brief. Respondent's brief shall be filed and served 30 days following filing and service of the petitioner's brief. Petitioner shall have an additional 14 days for filing a service of a reply brief. Reply briefs are in strict reply only. If a reply brief raises new issues, respondent may respond to those issues. In all statements of fact, briefs shall contain citations to the administrative record and the transcripts. Citations to the administrative record and the transcripts shall be denoted "AR" and "HR [date]," respectively, plus a page number.

Hearing on the Merits. Unless otherwise granted at the initial hearing, the Land Use Petition Act hearing on the merits shall be scheduled for one (1) day. The assigned judge shall take the first half of the day for reviewing the record, transcripts and briefs. The assigned judge will determine the amount of time granted for argument on the merits.

Related Matters. If a LUPA petition is consolidated with another claim, such as a damage action, the case may be bifurcated on stipulation of the parties or pursuant to motion. If the related matter is not bifurcated and entails a trial, a note for trial setting shall not be filed until after the record and transcripts are filed and served.

(C) TRACK III - Domestic Relations. [See KCFLR 8]

Amended September 1, 1997; September 1, 2001; September 1, 2002; September 1, 2003; September 1, 2010; September 1, 2011; September 1, 2012; September 1, 2014; amended, effective September 1, 2015; amended on an emergency basis, November 19, 2019, effective December 1, 2019; amended, effective September 1, 2020; amended on emergency basis December 19, 2023, effective January 1, 2024.

Official Comment:

Parties are advised to consult the Land Use Petition Act statute for further procedural rules that apply in these proceedings

X. SUPERIOR COURTS AND CLERKS

KCLCR 77 SUPERIOR COURTS AND JUDICIAL OFFICERS

- (d) **Superior Court Always Open.** [Rescinded].
- (f) **Sessions.** There shall be one continuous session of Court from January 1 through December 31 of each year.
- (k) **Motion Day - Local Rules.**
- (1) Departmental Matters. Departmental matters will be heard on Fridays at 1:30 p.m.
 - (2) Civil Matters. Probate, guardianship and civil motions (except Civil Rule 56 motions) in cases which are not preassigned to a specific judge will be heard on Friday at 9:00 a.m. Civil matters in cases which have been preassigned shall be heard on that judge's departmental calendar on Fridays at 1:30 p.m.
 - (A) In cases related to debt collections and foreclosure actions, Civil Rule 56 motions will be heard on Friday at 9:00 a.m.
 - (B) Motions pursuant to Civil Rule 56 in cases not solely related to debt collections or foreclosure actions should be noted for Friday at 1:30 p.m. on the "Summary Judgment" calendar. No specific judge should be named in the Note for Motion Docket.
 - (C) In cases other than those related to debt collections, upon filing of a Civil Rule 56 motion, the Superior Court will issue an order of preassignment to a specific judge. The Civil Rule 56 motions will be heard on the assigned judge's Friday departmental calendar at 1:30 p.m. If the matter is noted for the Trial Setting Docket, a case event schedule will issue.
 - (D) For purposes of KCLCR 77(k)(2), "debt collections" refer to cases where:
 - (i) The Complaint requests relief only in the form of a sum certain monetary judgment, with attorney fees, costs, and interest, where applicable; and,
 - (ii) The relief requested in the Complaint is alleged to have been incurred pursuant to a contract between the parties; and,
 - (iii) The Defendant(s) has not raised any Counterclaims.
 - (iv) Examples of debt collections cases under this rule include but are not limited to: actions seeking monetary judgments based on debt alleged to have been incurred pursuant to a credit card, line of credit, or Promissory Note.

(E) The purposes of KCLCR 77(k)(2) are to keep lengthy, substantive summary judgment motions off of the civil motions calendar; to ensure such motions receive sufficient review and oral argument before a decision is made; and, to ensure that once a judge has become sufficiently familiar with a case to decide a summary judgment motion, the case will stay with that judge until its final resolution to conserve judicial resources. Counsel should consider these purposes in determining where to note motions for summary judgment.

(3) Criminal Matters. The Criminal Motion Schedule shall be as follows:

DAILY	9:00	Criminal In Custody Calendars
	10:30	Criminal Out of Custody Calendars
	3:00	Criminal Arraignment Calendars
FRIDAY	9:00	Criminal In Custody Calendars
	11:00	Criminal After Sentencing/Restitution Calendar
	3:00	Criminal Arraignment Calendars

(4) Ex Parte Matters. Noncriminal ex parte matters shall be heard Monday through Friday at 8:30 a.m.; and Monday, Thursday and Friday at 3:30 p.m. [See KCLCR 77(k)(10)(C)]

(5) Domestic Relations Matters.

(A) Settlement Conferences. Settlement conferences are heard Mondays through Wednesdays at 1:30 p.m. and Thursdays at 9:00 a.m., or such other times as set by the Court. [See KCLCR 16(a)(1).]

(B) Continuances. Matters for continuances in domestic relations cases shall be made in writing to be heard by the Domestic Relations Presiding Judge.

(C) Pro Se Dissolutions. All pro se dissolutions will be heard at 1:30 p.m. on Wednesday.

(D) Civil Protection Orders. Civil Protection Order matters will be heard at 8:30 a.m. on Thursday.

(E) Temporary Relief. Show cause hearings and motions for temporary relief will be heard on Friday at 9:00 a.m. [See KCFLR 2.]

- (F) Child Support Modification. All child support modifications, including applications for post-secondary support, shall be heard by affidavit on Wednesday at 3:00 p.m. as set by the Court Scheduler. Each side shall be limited to 10 minutes. Arguments requiring greater than 10 minutes per side shall be specially set by the Court Scheduler upon application of a party. [See KCLCR 77(k)(10).]
- (G) Adoptions. Any adoptions requiring notice, including pro se adoptions, will be heard on Tuesday at 3:00 p.m. All other adoptions may be heard on any Ex Parte Calendar except Friday. [See KCLSPR 93.04.]
- (H) Parentage and State Child Support Calendar. The Parentage Calendar, including State of Washington-initiated actions to establish or modify child support, or to establish parentages, shall be heard on Tuesday at 9:00 a.m. All other motions to modify child support shall be heard in accordance with KCLFLR 77(k)(5)(F).
- (i) All matters noted on the Parentage calendar must be confirmed in person, by telephoning the Superior Court office at (360) 337-7140 (Option 2), or by email at supcourtconfirm@kitsap.gov no later than 12:00 noon one business day before hearings, but no earlier than two business days before hearings.
 - (ii) Motions which are administratively continued must be confirmed by the moving party in order to be heard.
 - (iii) Matters not confirmed may be heard only at the discretion of the Court. [See KCLCR 16(a)(3) (confirmation of settlement conferences).]
- (I) State Civil Contempt Calendar. State of Washington-initiated child support, civil contempt cases shall be heard on Thursday at 1:30 p.m.
- (6) Guardianship Delinquency Matters. Guardianship delinquency matters shall be heard at 10:00 a.m. the first Friday of each month.
- (7) Minor Guardianship Matters. Minor Guardianship matters will be heard at 1:30 p.m. on Tuesday.
- (8) Trial Settings. Trial setting dockets shall be Friday at 9:00 a.m. [See KCLCR 40(b)(1)(A).]
- (9) Minor Settlements. Petitions for settlement of the claims of minors shall be heard on Friday at 9:00 a.m. on the Probate Motions Calendar, except cases which are preassigned shall be heard on that judge's departmental calendar on Friday at 1:30 p.m. [See KCLSPR 98.16.]
- (10) Special Settings. Any hearing requiring special setting shall be arranged through the Court Scheduler. A hearing may be specially set for the following reasons, by

way of example only: length of argument; nature of the hearing; or need for a visiting judge. Special set hearings must be confirmed as required by KCLCR 77(k)(10)(A).

(11) Hearing of Motions.

(A) Mandatory Confirmations.

- (i) All motions pursuant to CR 12(b)(6) and CR 56 must be confirmed in person, by telephoning the Superior Court office at (360) 337-7140 (Option 2), or by email at supcourtconfirm@kitsap.gov no later than 12:00 noon two days before hearings, but no earlier than three business days in advance. Motions which are administratively continued must be confirmed by the moving party in order to be heard.
- (ii) The Court does not require confirmation of unlawful detainer actions filed under RCW Title 59 or Minor Guardianship actions filed under RCW 11.130.
- (iii) All domestic relations and parentage matters, including Orders to Show Cause and Presentation of Orders, must be confirmed pursuant to (v) below.
- (iv) All other civil, domestic relations, probate, adoptions and departmental motions which are not covered by, or exempt from confirmation under sections (i), (ii), or (iii) must be confirmed in person, by telephoning the Superior Court office at (360) 337-7140 (Option 2), or by email at supcourtconfirm@kitsap.gov no later than 12:00 noon one business day before hearings, but no earlier than two business days in advance.
- (v) Matters not confirmed may be heard only at the discretion of the Court. [See KCLCR 16(a)(3) (confirmation of settlement conferences).]

(B) Hearing of Calendars.

- (i) *Calling of Calendar.* The causes on the Civil Calendar and Domestic Relations Calendar for each motion day will be called in order, oldest causes first.
- (ii) *Noting of Tuesday morning Parentage and Friday Morning Domestic Relations Calendar Matters.* Notes for Tuesday morning Parentage calendars and Friday morning Domestic Relations motion calendars, including any special set matters under KCLCR 77(k)(9), shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of Court by 4:30 p.m. at least fourteen (14) calendar days before the hearing, simultaneous with a Motion and Notice of Hearing and any supporting pleadings, unless it is a re-note of a motion or a notice

for hearing previously filed, in which event only the Note for hearing shall be filed. Notes should be substantially in the form found in Exhibit E.

- (iii) *Noting of All Other Calendar Matters.* Notes for all other motion calendars shall be filed in the office of the Clerk of Court by 4:30 p.m. at least five (5) calendar days before the hearing, simultaneous with a Motion and Notice of Hearing and any supporting pleadings, unless it is a re-note of a motion or a notice for hearing previously filed, in which event only the Note for hearing shall be filed. Notes should be substantially in the form found in Exhibit E.
- (iv) *Failure of Party to Appear.* If no one appears in opposition to a duly noted motion, the Court may grant the relief requested upon proper proof of notice. If no one appears for a motion, it will be stricken.
- (v) *Continuances of Motions.* Counsel, by agreement, may continue any noncriminal motion by filing a notice of continuance, signed by at least one attorney. Forms are available in the courtroom. See Exhibit F. Criminal motions shall be continued only with the consent of the Criminal Motions Judge. Continuances shall not be granted by telephone. Summary judgment motions which have been confirmed shall not be continued without the Civil Calendar or preassigned judge's approval.

A party who has noted a matter for hearing may unilaterally strike or re-note the hearing for a new date, except that once confirmed the hearing may be stricken or re-noted only with prior notice to the other parties.

- (vi) *Time Allowed for Argument.* Each side shall be limited to 10 minutes. Argument requiring more than 20 minutes total time may be placed by the judge or court commissioner at the end of the calendar.

If the Court desires to hear further arguments after expiration of 20 minutes, the matter may be placed in order at the end of the calendar for further argument or continued to a specified date.

(C) Hearing of Ex Parte Matters.

- (i) *Scope.* This rule applies to all temporary restraining orders, orders to show cause, and all other ex parte matters. It includes all criminal matters except dismissal at end of probation.

- (ii) *Notice to Opposing Counsel or Party.* Unless notice is specifically excluded by statute or local rule, or on an articulated emergency, no ex parte order shall be presented without notice to opposing counsel or opposing party if appearing without counsel. If counsel for any party, or a party, has appeared either formally or informally, notice is required. If necessary, notice may be by telephone. This rule applies regardless of whether service is required on the attorney or a party pursuant to CR 5(b)(4).
- (iii) Notwithstanding (ii), above, without notice or oral argument, a party may move for an order to show cause in unlawful detainer cases.
- (iv) *Reapplication for Order. Reserved.* [See KCLCR 7(b)(1)(C) (reapplication for order).]
- (v) [Rescinded].

Amended September 1, 1996; September 1, 1997; September 1, 1998; July 1, 1999; September 1, 2002; September 1, 2005; amended on an emergency basis effective April 1, 2006; amended on a permanent basis effective September 1, 2006; amended effective September 1, 2007; amended on an emergency basis effective January 18, 2008; amended on a permanent basis effective September 1, 2008; amended effective September 1, 2009; September 1, 2011; September 1, 2012; amended on an emergency basis effective October 1, 2012; September 1, 2013; amended on an emergency basis, effective November 1, 2013, January 22, 2014; April 21, 2014; amended, effective September 1, 2014; amended, effective September 1, 2016; amended, effective September 1, 2017; amended, effective September 1, 2018; amended, effective September 1, 2020; amended by emergency order December 15, 2020, effective January 1, 2021; amended by emergency order March 1, 2021, effective April 1, 2021; amended by emergency order June 25, 2021, effective July 1, 2021; amended, effective September 1, 2021; amended, effective September 1, 2022; amended, effective September 1, 2023; amended by emergency order August 24, 2023, effective October 1, 2023; amended by emergency order December 19, 2023, effective January 1, 2024.



Superior Court of Washington
County of Kitsap

(Plaintiff/Petitioner),
vs.

(Defendant/Respondent).

No. _____

NOTE FOR TRIAL SETTING

TRACK I – STANDARD CIVIL

(NTTRS)

CLERK’S ACTION REQUIRED

TO THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO:

Please take notice that this case will be placed on the trial setting docket for assignment of trial on the _____ day of _____, 20__.

- Nature of Case: _____
- A jury has has not been demanded.
- Estimated length of trial: _____ hours _____ days.
- Preferred trial dates: _____
- Dates unavailable for trial: _____

CHECK APPROPRIATE SQUARES:

- I have contacted all counsel and they agree the trial may be set anytime after _____ (date).
- I have contacted all counsel and am unable to obtain agreement on trial dates. The Court will set the trial date.
- No contact has been made with other counsel/party, but all have been served with a copy of this notice in time to allow a response within 10 days.

I HEREBY REPRESENT TO THE COURT THAT THIS CASE IS AT ISSUE AND SHOULD BE SET FOR TRIAL.

- Plaintiff’s claim exceeds \$100,000.00.
- Plaintiff seeks relief other than a money judgment.
- Defendant’s counter or cross claim exceeds \$100,000.00.
- Defendant’s counter or cross claim seeks relief other than a money judgment.
- A trial de novo from arbitration has been requested.

Any party not in agreement with the information or estimates given in Note for Trial Setting shall file and serve at least three (3) days prior to the trial setting date a counter notice or written objection to setting. If an objection to setting is filed, counsel shall appear on the setting day before the civil motions judge, to argue the objection. [See KCLCR 40(b)(1)].

Trial will be set only if this form is filled out completely.

DATE: _____

SIGNED _____

Lawyer for: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

List the name, address and phone number of all attorneys or parties who were provided notice:

Name: _____

Lawyer for: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Name: _____

Lawyer for: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Name: _____

Lawyer for: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Name: _____

Lawyer for: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Name: _____

Lawyer for: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____

Name: _____

Lawyer for: _____

Address: _____

Telephone Number: _____



Superior Court of Washington
County of Kitsap

Plaintiff(s),

vs.

Defendant(s).

No. _____

**REQUEST FOR ASSIGNMENT TO
CIVIL TRACK II**

(RQACT)

TO: PRESIDING JUDGE

The undersigned affirms that the above-captioned case is not subject to arbitration and requests that it be assigned to Civil Track II based on the information provided below and the supporting affidavit(s) attached hereto.

- Nature of subject matter, please state: _____
- Requires five or more days of trial.
- Presents unusually complex issues.
- Has numerous parties and witnesses.
- Requires extensive pre-trial motions.

Estimated length of trial: _____

Note for Trial filed: Yes No

Trial date, if set: _____ Jury Non-jury

I have contacted other counsel and we agree on the following three dates within the next 60 days for our initial management conference:

(1) _____ (2) _____ (3) _____

DATED: _____

Attorney for _____

cc: All Counsel