## IN THE COURT OF APPEALS OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

STATE OF WASHINGTON,	)		
Respondent,	) No. 75645-1-I	STATE 2017 OC	COURT
e e	) DIVISION ONE	1 9	<u></u>
<b>V.</b>	)	23	25
LeROY PARKER,	) ) UNPUBLISHED OPINION		
Appellant.	) FILED: October 23, 2017	670H 9: 21	<u> </u>

PER CURIAM. LeRoy Parker appeals his convictions for felony violation of a no-contact order, arguing that under <u>State v. Case</u>, 189 Wn. App. 422, 429, 358 P.3d 432 (2015), the parties' stipulation to predicate convictions was insufficient to support the current convictions. The State counters that <u>Case</u> was wrongly decided and that, in any event, any error was either waived, invited, or harmless.

While this appeal was pending, the Washington State Supreme Court reversed Division Two's decision in <u>Case</u>. <u>State v. Case</u>, 187 Wn.2d 85, 384 P.3d 1140 (2016). At our request, the parties filed supplemental briefs addressing the impact of the Supreme Court's decision on this appeal. The parties agree that the Supreme Court's decision is controlling here and defeats Parker's arguments under the Court of Appeals' decision in <u>Case</u>.

In a Statement of Additional Grounds, Parker raises one argument meriting discussion. He claims the prosecutor violated the trial court's rulings by referencing alcohol and "Battered Wife Syndrome" or "BWS" during closing argument. The record belies these claims. Although the court excluded

testimony as to Parker's breath test results, the court ruled that "any questions as to how much alcohol Mr. Parker had consumed was relevant as it related to his memory of what had happened [.]" RP 232-33. Parker fails to identify, nor did our review of closing argument disclose, any violation of this ruling. Our review of closing argument also failed to disclose any reference to "BWS" or "Battered Wife Syndrome".

Affirmed.

For the court: