ELC 8.2

DETERMINATION OF INCAPACITY TO PRACTICE LAW

(a) Review Committee May Order Hearing. Disciplinary counsel reports to a review committee on investigations into an active, suspended, or inactive respondent lawyer's mental or physical capacity to practice law. Subject to rule 5.2, the respondent lawyer and their guardian or guardian ad litem, if any, shall be provided with a complete copy of disciplinary counsel's report and shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to respond prior to the review committee taking action on the report. The committee orders a hearing if it appears there is reasonable cause to believe that the respondent does not have the mental or physical capacity to practice law. In other cases, the committee may direct further investigation as appears appropriate or dismiss the matter.

(b) Not Disciplinary Proceedings. Proceedings under this rule are not disciplinary proceedings.

(c) Procedure.

(1) Applicable Rules and Case Caption. Proceedings under this rule are conducted under the procedural rules for disciplinary proceedings except that the respondent lawyer's initials are to be used in the case caption rather than the lawyer's full name.

(2) *Appointment of Counsel*. If counsel for the respondent does not appear within the time for filing an answer, the Chair must appoint an active member of the Association as counsel for the respondent under rule 8.10.

(3) *Health Records*. After a review committee orders a hearing under this rule, disciplinary counsel may require the respondent to furnish written releases and authorizations for medical, psychological, or psychiatric records as may be relevant to the inquiry, subject to a motion to the hearing officer, or if no hearing officer has been appointed, to the chief hearing officer, to limit the scope of the requested releases or authorizations for good cause.

(4) *Examination*. Upon motion, the hearing officer, or if no hearing officer has been appointed, the chief hearing officer, may order an examination by a physician of the respondent's physical condition or by a mental health professional (as defined by RCW 71.05.020) of the respondent's mental condition to assist in determining the respondent's capacity to practice law. Unless waived by the parties, the examiner must submit a report of the examination, including the results of any tests administered and any diagnosis, to the hearing officer, disciplinary counsel, and the respondent.

(5) *Hearing Officer Recommendation*. If the hearing officer finds that the respondent does not have the mental or physical capacity to practice law, the hearing officer must recommend that the respondent be transferred to disability inactive status.

(6) *Appeal Procedure*. Either respondent or disciplinary counsel may appeal from a final determination of the hearing officer as to the respondent's capacity to practice law. The procedures for appeal and review of suspension recommendations apply to such appeals.

(7) *Transfer Following Board Review*. If, after review of the decision of the hearing officer, the Board finds that the respondent does not have the mental or physical capacity to practice law, it must enter an order immediately transferring the respondent to disability inactive status. The transfer is effective upon service of the order under rule 4.1.

(d) Interim Suspension.

(1) When a review committee orders a hearing on the capacity of a respondent to practice law, disciplinary counsel must petition the Supreme Court for the respondent's interim suspension under rule 7.2(a) unless the respondent is already suspended on an interim basis.

(2) Even if the Court previously denied a petition for interim suspension under subsection (d)(1), disciplinary counsel may petition the Court for the interim suspension of a respondent under rule 7.2(a)(3) if the respondent fails:

(A) to appear for an independent examination under this rule;

(B) to waive health care provider-patient privilege as required by this rule; or

(C) to appear at a hearing under this rule.

(e) Termination of Interim Suspension. If the hearing officer files a decision recommending that a respondent placed on interim suspension under this rule not be transferred to disability inactive status, upon either party's petition the Court may terminate the interim suspension.

[Adopted effective October 1, 2002; Amended effective January 1, 2014; January 1, 2023.]