### WASHINGTON STATE CHILD SUPPORT SCHEDULE

Including:

- Definitions and Standards
- Instructions
- Economic Table
- Worksheets

Effective Dates:

Definitions & Standards Instructions - only Economic Table Worksheets January 1, 2023 January 1, 2023 January 1, 2019 January 1, 2023



Internet--download forms:

http://www.courts.wa.gov/

Child Support Hotline, State DSHS, 1 (800) 442-KIDS

### WASHINGTON STATE CHILD SUPPORT SCHEDULE DEFINITIONS AND STANDARDS

#### Definitions

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, these definitions apply to the standards following this section. RCW 26.19.011.

**Basic child support obligation**: means the monthly child support obligation determined from the economic table based on the parties' combined monthly net income and the number of children for whom support is owed.

Child support schedule: means the standards, economic table, worksheets and instructions, as defined in chapter 26.19 RCW.

**Court**: means a superior court judge, court commissioner, and presiding and reviewing officers who administratively determine or enforce child support orders.

**Deviation**: means a child support amount that differs from the standard calculation.

**Economic table**: means the child support table for the basic support obligation provided in RCW 26.19.020.

**Full-time**: means the customary number of maximum, non-overtime hours worked in an individual's historical occupation, industry, and labor market. "Full-time" does not necessarily mean hours per week.

**Instructions**: means the instructions developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to RCW 26.19.050 for use in completing the worksheets.

**Standards**: means the standards for determination of child support as provided in chapter 26.19 RCW.

**Standard calculation**: means the presumptive amount of child support owed as determined from the child support schedule before the court considers any reasons for deviation.

**Support transfer payment**: means the amount of money the court orders one parent to pay to another parent or custodian for child support after determination of the standard calculation and deviations. If certain expenses or credits are expected to fluctuate and the order states a formula or percentage to determine the additional amount or credit on an ongoing basis, the term "support transfer payment" does not mean the additional amount or credit.

**Worksheets**: means the forms developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to RCW 26.19.050 for use in determining the amount of child support.

#### **Application Standards**

1. **Application of the support schedule**: The child support schedule shall be applied:

- a. in each county of the state;
- in judicial and administrative proceedings under titles 13, 26 and 74 RCW;
- c. in all proceedings in which child support is determined or modified;
- d. in setting temporary and permanent support;
- e. in automatic modification provisions or decrees entered pursuant to RCW 26.09.100; and
- f. in addition to proceedings in which child support is determined for minors, to adult children who are dependent on their parents and for whom support is ordered pursuant to RCW 26.09.100.

The provisions of RCW 26.19 for determining child support and reasons for deviation from the standard calculation shall be applied in the same manner by the court, presiding officers and reviewing officers. RCW 26.19.035(1).

- 2. Written findings of fact supported by the evidence: An order for child support shall be supported by written findings of fact upon which the support determination is based and shall include reasons for any deviation from the standard calculation and reasons for denial of a party's request for deviation from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.035(2).
- 3. **Completion of worksheets**: Worksheets in the form developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts shall be completed under penalty of perjury and filed in every proceeding in which child support is determined. The court shall not accept incomplete worksheets or worksheets that vary from the worksheets developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts. RCW 26.19.035(3).
- 4. **Court review of the worksheets and order**: The court shall review the worksheets and the order setting child support for the adequacy of the reasons set forth for any deviation or denial of any request for deviation and for the adequacy of the amount of support ordered. Each order shall state the amount of child support calculated using the standard calculation and the amount of child support actually ordered. Worksheets shall be attached to the decree or order or if filed separately, shall be initialed or signed by the judge and filed with the order. RCW 26.19.035(4).

#### **Income Standards**

1. **Consideration of all income**: All income and resources of each parent's household shall be disclosed and considered by the court when the court determines the child support obligation of each parent. Only the income of the parents of the children whose support is at issue shall be calculated for purposes of calculating the basic support obligation. Income and resources of any other person shall not be included in calculating the basic support obligation. RCW 26.19.071(1).

2. Verification of income: Tax returns for the preceding two years and current paystubs shall be provided to verify income and deductions. Other sufficient verification shall be required for income and deductions which do not appear on tax returns or paystubs. RCW 26.19.071(2).

3. Income sources included in gross monthly income: Monthly gross income shall include income from any source, including: salaries; wages; commissions; deferred compensation; overtime, except as excluded from income in RCW 26.19.071(4)(h); contract-related benefits; income from second jobs except as excluded from income in RCW 26.19.071(4)(h); dividends; interest; trust income; severance pay; annuities; capital gains; pension retirement benefits; workers' compensation; unemployment benefits; disability insurance benefits; and income from self-employment, rent, royalties, contracts, proprietorship of a business, or joint ownership of a partnership or closely held corporation. RCW 26.19.071(3).

Veterans' disability pensions: Veterans' disability pensions or regular compensation for disability incurred in or aggravated by service in the United States armed forces paid by the Veterans' Administration shall be disclosed to the court. The court may consider either type of compensation as disposable income for purposes of calculating the child support obligation. See RCW 26.19.045.

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4. Income sources excluded from gross monthly income: The following income and resources shall be disclosed but shall not be included in gross income: income of a new spouse or domestic partner or income of other adults in the household; child support received from other relationships; gifts and prizes; temporary assistance for needy families (TANF); Supplemental Security Income; general assistance; food stamps; and overtime or income from second jobs beyond forty hours per week averaged over a twelve-month period worked to provide for a current family's needs, to retire past relationship debts, or to retire child support debt, when the court finds the income will cease when the party has paid off their debts. Receipt of income and resources from temporary assistance for needy families, Supplemental Security Income, general assistance and food stamps shall not be a reason to deviate from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.071(4).

> VA aid and attendant care: Aid and attendant care payments to prevent hospitalization paid by the Veterans Administration solely to provide physical home care for a disabled veteran, and special compensation paid under 38 U.S.C. Sec. 314(k) through (r) to provide either special care or special aids, or both to assist with routine daily functions shall be disclosed. The court may not include either aid or attendant care or special medical compensation payments in gross income for purposes of calculating the child support obligation or for purposes of deviating from the standard calculation. See RCW 26.19.045.

> **Other aid and attendant care**: Payments from any source, other than veterans' aid and attendance allowance or special medical compensation paid under 38 U.S.C. Sec. 314(k) through (r) for services provided by an attendant in case of a disability when the disability necessitates the hiring of the services or an attendant shall be disclosed but shall not be included in gross income and shall not be a reason to deviate from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.055.

5. Determination of net income: The following expenses shall be disclosed and deducted from gross monthly income to calculate net monthly income: federal and state income taxes (see the following paragraph); federal insurance contributions act deductions (FICA); mandatory pension plan payments; mandatory union or professional dues; state industrial insurance premiums; court-ordered maintenance to the extent actually paid; up to \$5,000 per year in voluntary retirement contributions actually made if the contributions show a pattern of contributions during the one-year period preceding the action establishing the child support order unless there is a determination that the contributions were made for the purpose of reducing child support; and normal business expenses and self-employment taxes for self-employed persons. Justification shall be required for any business expense deduction about which there is a disagreement. Items deducted from gross income shall not be a reason to deviate from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.071(5).

> Allocation of tax exemptions: The parties may agree which parent is entitled to claim the child or children as dependents for federal income tax exemptions. The court may award the exemption or exemptions and order a party to sign the federal income tax dependency exemption waiver. The court may divide the exemptions between the parties, alternate the exemptions between the parties or both. RCW 26.19.100.

Imputation of income: The court shall impute income to a parent when the parent is voluntarily unemployed or voluntarily underemployed. The court shall determine whether the parent is voluntarily underemployed or voluntarily unemployed based upon that parent's assets, residence, employment and earnings history, job skills, educational attainment, literacy, health and age, criminal record, dependency court obligations, and other employment barriers, record of seeking work, the local job market, the availability of employers willing to hire the parent, the prevailing earnings level in the local community, or any other relevant factors. A court shall not impute income to a parent who is gainfully employed on a full-time basis, unless the court finds that the parent is voluntarily underemployed and finds that the parent is purposely underemployed to reduce the parent's child support obligation. Income shall not be imputed for an unemployable parent. Income shall not be imputed to a parent to the extent the parent is unemployed or significantly underemployed due to the parent's efforts to comply with courtordered reunification efforts under chapter 13.34 RCW or under a voluntary placement agreement with an agency supervising the child. Except as provided below regarding high school students, in the absence of records of a parent's actual earnings, the court shall impute a parent's income in the following order of priority:

- (a) Full-time earnings at the current rate of pay;
- (b) Full-time earnings at the historical rate of pay based on reliable information, such as employment security department data;
- (c) Full-time earnings at a past rate of pay where information is incomplete or sporadic;
- (d) Earnings of 32 hours per week at minimum wage in the jurisdiction where the parent resides if the parent is on temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) now or recently came off TANF or recently came off aged, blind, or disabled assistance benefits, pregnant women assistance benefits, essential needs and housing support, Supplemental Security Income, or disability, has recently been released from incarceration, or is a recent high school graduate. Imputation of earnings at 32 hours per week under this provision is a rebuttable presumption;
- (e) Full-time earnings at minimum wage in the jurisdiction where the parent resides if the parent has a recent history of minimum wage earnings, has never been employed and has no earnings history, or has no significant earnings history;
- (f) Median net monthly income of year-round full-time workers as derived from the United States Census Bureau, current population reports, or such replacement report as published by the Census Bureau. (See "Approximate Median Net Monthly Income" table on page 7.) RCW 26.19.071(6).

When a parent is currently enrolled in high school full-time, the court shall consider the totality of the circumstances of both parents when determining whether each parent is voluntarily unemployed or voluntarily underemployed. If a parent who is currently enrolled in high school is determined to be voluntarily unemployed or voluntarily underemployed, the court shall impute income at earnings of 20 hours per week at minimum wage in the jurisdiction where that parent resides. Imputation of earnings at 20 hours per week under this provision is a rebuttable presumption.

#### **Allocation Standards**

1. **Basic child support**: The basic child support obligation derived from the economic table shall be allocated between the parents based on each parent's share of the combined monthly net income. RCW 26.19.080(1).

- 2. **Healthcare expenses:** Healthcare costs are not included in the economic table. Monthly healthcare costs shall be shared by the parents in the same proportion as the basic support obligation. Healthcare costs shall include, but not be limited to, medical, dental, orthodontia, vision, chiropractic, mental health treatment, prescription medications, and other similar costs for care and treatment. RCW 26.19.080(2).
- 3. **Daycare and special child rearing expenses:** Daycare and special child rearing expenses, such as tuition and long distance transportation costs to and from the parents for visitation purposes, are not included in the economic table. These expenses shall be shared by the parents in the same proportion as the basic child support obligation. RCW 26.19.080(3).
- 4. The court may exercise its discretion to determine the necessity for and the reasonableness of all amounts ordered in excess of the basic child support obligation. RCW 26.19.080(4).

#### **Limitations Standards**

- 1. **Limit at 45% of a parent's net income**: No parent's child support obligation owed for all of their biological or legal children may exceed 45% of net income except for good cause shown.
  - a. Each child is entitled to a pro rata share of the income available for support, but the court only applies the pro rata share to the children in the case before the court.
  - b. Before determining whether to apply the 45% limitation, the court must consider the best interests of the children and the circumstances of each parent. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to, leaving insufficient funds in the custodial parent's household to meet the basic needs of the children, comparative hardship to the affected households, assets or liabilities, and any involuntary limits on any parent's earning capacity including incarceration, disabilities, or incapacity.
  - c. Good cause includes, but is not limited to, possession of substantial wealth, children with daycare expenses, special medical need, educational need, psychological need, and larger families. RCW 26.19.065(1).
- 2. **Presumptive minimum support obligation**: When a parent's monthly net income is below 125% of the federal poverty guideline for a one-person family, a support order of not less than \$50 per child per month shall be entered unless the obligor parent establishes that it would be unjust to do so in that particular case. The decision whether there is a sufficient basis to go below the presumptive minimum payment must take into consideration the best interests of the children and circumstances of each parent. Such circumstances can include leaving insufficient funds in the custodial parent's household to meet the basic needs of the children, comparative hardship to the affected households, assets or liabilities, and earning capacity. RCW 26.19.065(2)(a).
- 3. Self-support reserve: The basic support obligation of the parent making the transfer payment, excluding healthcare, daycare, and special child-rearing expenses, shall not reduce their net income below the self-support reserve of 125% of the federal poverty level for a one-person family, except for the presumptive minimum payment of \$50 per child per month or when it would be unjust to apply the self-support reserve limitation after considering the best interests of the children and the circumstances of each parent. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to, leaving insufficient funds in the custodial parent's household to meet the basic needs of the children, comparative hardship to the affected households, assets or liabilities, and earning capacity. This section shall not be construed to require monthly substantiation of income.

(See the Self-Support Reserve memorandum on the courts' website www.courts.wa.gov/forms and at www.WashingtonLawHelp.org.) RCW 26.19.065(2)(b).

4. Income above \$12,000: The economic table is presumptive for combined monthly net incomes up to and including \$12,000. When combined monthly net income exceeds \$12,000; the court may exceed the maximum presumptive amount of support upon written findings of fact. RCW 26.19.065(3).

#### **Deviation Standards**

- 1. Reasons for deviation from the standard calculation include but are not limited to the following:
  - a. **Sources of income and tax planning**: The court may deviate from the standard calculation after consideration of the following:
    - i. Income of a new spouse or new domestic partner if the parent who is married to the new spouse or the parent who is in a domestic partnership with the new domestic partner is asking for a deviation based on any other reason. Income of a new spouse or domestic partner is not, by itself, a sufficient reason for deviation;
    - ii. Income of other adults in the household if the parent who is living with the other adult is asking for a deviation based on any other reason. Income of the other adults in the household is not, by itself, a sufficient reason for deviation;
    - iii. Child support actually received from other relationships;
    - iv. Gifts;
    - v. Prizes;
    - vi. Possession of wealth, including but not limited to savings, investments, real estate holdings and business interests, vehicles, boats, pensions, bank accounts, insurance plans or other assets;
    - vii. Extraordinary income of a child; or
    - viii. Tax planning considerations. A deviation for tax planning may be granted only if children would not receive a lesser economic benefit due to the tax planning;
    - ix. Income that has been excluded under RCW 26.19.071(4)(h) if the person earning that income asks for a deviation for any other reason. RCW 26.19.075(1)(a).
  - b. Nonrecurring income: The court may deviate from the standard calculation based on a finding that a particular source of income included in the calculation of the basic support obligation is not a recurring source of income. Depending on the circumstances, nonrecurring income may include overtime, contract-related benefits, bonuses or income from second jobs. Deviations for nonrecurring income shall be based on a review of the nonrecurring income received in the previous two calendar years. RCW 26.19.075(1)(b).
  - c. **Debt and high expenses**: The court may deviate from the standard calculation after consideration of the following expenses:
    - i. Extraordinary debt not voluntarily incurred;
    - ii. A significant disparity in the living costs of the parents due to conditions beyond their control;
    - iii. Special needs of disabled children; or
    - iv. Special medical, educational or psychological needs of the children.

- v. Costs anticipated to be incurred by the parents in compliance with court-ordered reunification efforts under chapter 13.34 RCW or under a voluntary placement agreement with an agency supervising the child. RCW 26.19.075(1)(c).
- Residential schedule: The court may deviate from the d. standard calculation if the children spend(s) a significant amount of time with a parent who is obligated to make a support transfer payment. The court may not deviate on that basis if the deviation will result in insufficient funds in the household receiving the support to meet the basic needs of the child or if the child is receiving temporary assistance for needy families (TANF). When determining the amount of the deviation, the court shall consider evidence concerning the increased expenses to a parent making support transfer payments resulting from the significant amount of time spent with that parent and shall consider the decreased expenses, if any, to the party receiving the support resulting from the significant amount of time the child spends with the parent making the support transfer payment. RCW 26.19.075(1)(d).
- e. **Children from other relationships**: The court may deviate from the standard calculation when any or all of the parents before the court have children from other relationships to whom the parent owes a duty of support.
  - i. The child support schedule shall be applied to the parents and children of the family before the court to determine the presumptive amount of support.
  - ii. Children from other relationships shall not be counted in the number of children for purposes of determining the basic support obligation and the standard calculation.
  - iii. When considering a deviation from the standard calculation for children from other relationships, the court may consider only other children to whom the parent owes a duty of support. The court may consider court-ordered payments of child support for children from other relationships only to the extent that the support is actually paid.
  - iv. When the court has determined that any or all parents have children from other relationships, deviations under this section shall be based on consideration of the total circumstances of both households. All child support obligations paid, received, and owed for all children shall be disclosed and considered. RCW 26.19.075(1)(e).
- 2. All income and resources of the parties before the court, new spouses or domestic partners, and other adults in the household shall be disclosed and considered as provided. The presumptive amount of support shall be determined according to the child support schedule. Unless specific reasons for deviation are set forth in the written findings of fact and are supported by the evidence, the court shall order each parent to pay the amount of support determined by using the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.075(2).
- 3. The court shall enter findings that specify reasons for any deviation or any denial of a party's request for any deviation from the standard calculation made by the court. The court shall not consider reasons for deviation until the court determines the standard calculation for each parent. RCW 26.19.075(3).
- 4. When reasons exist for deviation, the court shall exercise discretion in considering the extent to which the factors would affect the support obligation. RCW 26.19.075(4).
- Agreement of the parties is not by itself adequate reason for any deviations from the standard calculations. RCW 26.19.075(5).

# Benefits paid that apply toward a person's child support obligation

If an injured worker, person with disabilities, deceased person, retired person, or veteran who owes a child support obligation receives one of these benefits:

- Department of Labor and Industries payments
- Self-Insurer's payment
- Social Security Administration:
  - Social Security disability dependency benefits
  - Retirement benefits
    Survivors insurance benefits
- Veteran's Administration benefits

and shows that the child or the child's household receives a payment from those benefits, then, the amount of the payment made on behalf of the child or on account of the child applies toward the person's child support obligation for the same period covered by the benefit.

#### **Post-Secondary Education Standards**

- 1. The child support schedule shall be advisory and not mandatory for post-secondary educational support. RCW 26.19.090(1).
- 2. When considering whether to order support for post-secondary educational expenses, the court shall determine whether the child is in fact dependent and is relying upon the parents for the reasonable necessities of life. The court shall exercise its discretion when determining whether and for how long to award post-secondary educational support based upon consideration of factors that include but are not limited to the following: age of the child; the child's needs; the expectations of the parties for their children when the parents were together; the children's prospects, desires, aptitudes, abilities or disabilities; the nature of the post-secondary education sought and the parent's level of education, standard of living and current and future resources. Also to be considered are the amount and type of support that the child would have been afforded if the parents had stayed together. RCW 26.19.090(2).
- 3. The child must enroll in an accredited academic or vocational school, must be actively pursuing a course of study commensurate with the child's vocational goals and must be in good academic standing as defined by the institution. The court-ordered post-secondary educational support shall be automatically suspended during the period or periods the child fails to comply with these conditions. RCW 26.19.090(3).
- 4. The child shall also make available all academic records and grades to both parents as a condition of receiving post-secondary educational support. Each parent shall have full and equal access to the post-secondary education records as provided by statute (RCW 26.09.225). RCW 26.19.090(4).
- The court shall not order the payment of post-secondary educational expenses beyond the child's 23rd birthday, except for exceptional circumstances, such as mental, physical, or emotional disabilities. RCW 26.19.090(5).
- 6. The court shall direct that any or all parents' payments for post-secondary educational expenses are made directly to the educational institution if feasible. If direct payments are not feasible, then the court in its discretion may order that any or all parents' payments are made directly to the child if the child does not reside with any parent. If the child resides with one of the parents, the court may direct that the parent making the support transfer payments make the payments to the child or to the parent who has been receiving the support transfer payments. RCW 26.19.090(6).

### WASHINGTON STATE CHILD SUPPORT SCHEDULE INSTRUCTIONS FOR WORKSHEETS

*Two parent families should use WSCSS – Worksheets 2. For families with three legal parents, use WSCSS – Worksheets 3. For families with more than three legal parents, you will need to create your own worksheets.* 

#### Worksheets:

Immediately below the form title, check the box showing if the worksheets are proposed or an order signed by the judge. If they are proposed, check the box showing who proposed them and put your name.

Fill in your county, the case number, and the names and ages of only those children whose support is at issue.

Write your name above **Column 1** and write the other parent's name above **Column 2** (and **Column 3** if applicable). In the rest of the worksheet, list your information under **Column 1** and list the other parent's information under **Column 2** (and **Column 3** if applicable).

#### Part I: Income

Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #1: Consideration of all income, "only the income of the parents of the children whose support is at issue shall be calculated for purposes of calculating the basic support obligation." (See page 1.)

Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #2: Verification of income, "tax returns for the preceding two years and current paystubs are required for income verification purposes. Other sufficient verification shall be required for income and deductions which do not appear on tax returns or paystubs." (See page 1.)

#### Gross Monthly Income

Gross monthly income is defined under INCOME STANDARD #3: Income sources included in gross monthly income. (See page 1.)

Income exclusions are defined under INCOME STANDARD #4: Income sources excluded from gross monthly income. (See page 2.) Excluded income must be disclosed and listed in Part VIII of the worksheets.

Monthly Average of Income:

- If income varies during the year, divide the annual total of the income by 12.
- If paid weekly, multiply the weekly income by 52 and divide by 12.
- If paid every other week, multiply the two-week income by 26 and divide by 12.
- If paid twice a month (bi-monthly), multiply the bimonthly income by 24 and divide by 12

**LINE 1a, Wages and Salaries:** Enter the average monthly total of all salaries, wages, contract-related benefits, bonuses, and income from overtime and second jobs that is not excluded from income by RCW 26.19.071(4)(i).

**LINE 1b, Interest and Dividend Income:** Enter the average monthly total of dividends and interest income.

**LINE 1c, Business Income:** Enter the average monthly income from self-employment, rent, royalties, contracts, proprietorship of a business, or joint ownership of a partnership or closely held corporation.

**LINE 1d, Maintenance Received:** Enter the monthly amount of maintenance actually received.

LINE 1e, Other Income: Enter the average monthly total of other income. (Other income includes, but is not limited to: income tax refunds, trust income, severance pay, annuities, capital gains, pension retirement benefits, workers compensation, unemployment benefits, social security benefits and disability insurance benefits.)

**LINE 1f, Imputed Income:** Enter the imputed gross monthly income for a parent who is voluntarily unemployed, underemployed or if you do not have records of a parent's actual earnings. Refer to "INCOME STANDARD #6: Imputation of income." (See page 2.) Impute income using the first method possible based on the information you have in the following order:

Calculate full-time earnings using either:

- 1. Current rate of pay;
- 2. Historical rate of pay based on reliable information;
- 3. Past rate of pay, if current information is incomplete or sporadic;
- 4. Earnings of 32 hours per week at minimum wage where the parent lives if the parent is on TANF now or recently came off government assistance, is recently released from incarceration, or is a recent high school graduate (if currently enrolled in high school and voluntarily unemployed or underemployed, impute income at 20 hours per week at minimum wage where the parent lives); or
- 5. Minimum wage where the parent lives when the parent has a history of minimum wage, has never been employed, or has no significant earnings history.

Historical rate of pay information may be available from the Division of Child Support. Use form 18-701: "Request for Income Information for Purposes of Entering a Child Support Order", available online at:

http://www.dshs.wa.gov/dcs/Resources/Forms.asp employed, or has no significant earnings history.

If you impute income using one of the five methods, above, enter the amount in line 1f. Also, in line 26 of the Worksheets, explain which method you used to impute income and how you calculated the amount of imputed income. If you cannot use any of the above methods, impute the parent's net monthly income using the table below, and enter the appropriate amount for the parent's age and gender **on line 1f and on line 3**. The table, below, shows net income, after deductions. So if you impute using this table, you will not enter any deductions on the worksheet under line 2. Leave lines 2a through 2i blank. For this parent, go to line 4.

Also, in line 26 of the Worksheets, explain that net income was imputed using the Approximate Median Net Monthly Income Table.

#### **Approximate Median Net Monthly Income**

MALE	age	FEMALE
\$2,339	15-24	\$2,234
\$3,703	25-34	\$3,542
\$4,851	35-44	\$4,008
\$5,102	45-54	\$4,067
\$5,000	55-64	\$4,107
\$5,982	65 +	\$4,334

U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2021 Annual Social and Economic Supplement, Table PINC-01. Selected Characteristics of People 15 Years Old and Over by Total Money Income in 2020, Work Experience in 2020, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex, Worked Full Time, Year Round.

[Net income has been determined by subtracting FICA (7.65%) and the tax liability for a single person (one withholding allowance).]

LINE 1g, Total Gross Monthly Income: Add the monthly income amounts for each parent (lines 1a through 1f) and enter the totals on line 1g.

#### Monthly Deductions from Gross Income

Allowable monthly deductions from gross income are defined under INCOME STANDARD #5: Determination of net income. (See page 2.)

**Monthly Average of Deductions:** If a deduction is annual or varies during the year, divide the annual total of the deduction by 12 to determine a monthly amount.

**LINE 2a, Income Taxes:** Enter the net monthly amount actually owed for state and federal income taxes. (The amount of income tax withheld on a paycheck may not be the actual amount of income tax owed due to tax refunds, deductions, etc. It is appropriate to consider tax returns from prior years as indicating the actual amount of income tax owed if income has not changed.)

**LINE 2b, FICA/Self Employment Taxes:** Enter the total monthly amount of FICA, Social Security, Medicare and Self-employment taxes owed.

**LINE 2c, State Industrial Insurance Deductions:** Enter the monthly amount of state industrial insurance deductions such as Medical Aid Fund Tax, Accident Fund Tax, and Supplement Pension Fund Tax. Self-insured employers may use different terms for the deductions.

**LINE 2d, Mandatory Union/Professional Dues:** Enter the monthly cost of mandatory union or professional dues.

LINE 2e, Mandatory Pension Plan Payments: Enter the monthly cost of mandatory pension plan payments amount.

**LINE 2f, Voluntary Retirement Contributions**: Enter the monthly cost of voluntary Retirement Contributions. Divide the amount of the voluntary retirement contribution, up to \$5,000 per year, by 12 to calculate the monthly cost. (For more information regarding limitations on the allowable deduction of voluntary retirement contributions, refer to INCOME STANDARD #5: Determination of net income. See page 2.)

LINE 2g, Maintenance Paid: Enter the monthly amount of maintenance actually paid pursuant to a court order.

**LINE 2h, Normal Business Expenses:** If self-employed, enter the amount of normal business expenses. (Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #5: Determination of net income, "justification shall be required for any business expense deduction about which there is a disagreement." See page 2.)

**LINE 2i, Total Deductions From Gross Income:** Add the monthly deductions for each parent (lines 2a through 2h) and enter the totals on line 2i.

**LINE 3, Monthly Net Income:** For each parent, subtract total deductions (line 2i) from total gross monthly income (line 1g) and enter these amounts on line 3.

**LINE 4, Combined Monthly Net Income**: Add the parents' monthly net incomes (line 3) and enter the total on line 4.

**LINE 5, Basic Child Support Obligation**: In the work area provided on line 5, enter the basic support obligation amount determined for each child. Add these amounts together and enter the total in the box on line 5. (To determine a per child basic support obligation, see the following economic table instructions.)

#### **Economic Table Instructions**

### To use the Economic Table to determine an individual support amount for each child:

• Locate in the left-hand column the combined monthly net income amount closest to the amount entered on line 4 of Worksheet (round up when the combined monthly net income falls halfway between the two amounts in the left-hand column);

• Locate on the top row the family size for the number of children for whom child support is being determined (when determining family size for the required worksheets, do not include children from other relationships) and circle the number in the column below the family size that is across from the net income. The amount circled is the basic support amount for each child.

**LINE 6, Proportional Share of Income:** Divide the monthly net income for each parent (line 3) by the combined monthly net income (line 4) and enter these amounts on line 6. (The entries on line 6 when added together should equal 1.00.)

#### Part II: Basic Child Support Obligation

**LINE 7, Each Parent's Basic Child Support Obligation without consideration of low income limitations:** Multiply the total basic child support obligation (amount in box on line 5) by the income share proportion for each parent (line 6) and enter these amounts on line 7. (The amounts entered on line 7 added together should equal the amount entered on line 5.)

## **LINE 8, Calculating low income limitations:** Fill in only those that apply:

To calculate the low-income limitation standards in lines 8b and 8c, you will need to know the self-support reserve amount, which is 125% of the current federal poverty guideline for a one-person family. As of January 15, 2022, the self-support reserve is \$1,416. The guideline and self-support reserve change roughly annually. To check the current self-support reserve amount go to the court's web site at: www.courts.wa.gov, or go to www.WashingtonLawHelp.org. Enter the self-support reserve amount in the space provided in line 8. (For more information, see Limitation Standard #2 on page 3 of the Definitions and Standards.)

- 8a. Is combined net income less than \$1,000? If combined net monthly income on line 4 is less than \$1,000, enter each parent's presumptive support obligation of \$50 per child. Do not enter an amount on line 8a if combined income on line 4 is more than \$1,000.
- **8b. Is monthly net income less than self-support reserve?** For each parent whose monthly net income on line 3 is less than the self-support reserve, enter the parent's presumptive support obligation of \$50 per child. Do **not** use this box for a parent whose net income on line 3 is greater than the self-support reserve.
- **8c. Is monthly net income equal to or more than self-support reserve?** Subtract the self-support reserve from line 3 and enter this amount or enter \$50 per child whichever is greater. Do not use this box if the amount is greater than the amount in line 7.

LINE 9, Each parent's basic child support obligation after calculating applicable limitations: For each parent, enter the lowest amount from line 7, 8a - 8c, but not less than the presumptive \$50 per child.

# Part III: Healthcare, Daycare, and Special Child Rearing Expenses

Pursuant to **ALLOCATION STANDARD #4:** "the court may exercise its discretion to determine the necessity for and the reasonableness of all amounts ordered in excess of the basic child support obligation." (See page 2.)

Pursuant to **ALLOCATION STANDARD #2:** Healthcare expenses and #3: Daycare and special child rearing expenses, healthcare, daycare, and special child rearing expenses shall be shared by the parents in the same proportion as the basic support obligation. (See page 2.) NOTE: The court order should reflect that healthcare, daycare and special child rearing expenses not listed should be apportioned by the same percentage as the basic child support obligation.

Monthly Average of Expenses: If a healthcare, daycare, or special child rearing expense is annual or varies during the year, divide the annual total of the expense by 12 to determine a monthly amount.

#### **Healthcare Expenses**

**LINE 10a, Monthly Health Insurance Premiums Paid For Children:** List the monthly amount paid by each parent for healthcare insurance for the children of the relationship. (When determining an insurance premium amount, do not include the portion of the premium paid by an employer or other third party and/or the portion of the premium that covers the parent or other household members.)

LINE 10b, Uninsured Monthly Healthcare Expenses Paid For Children: List the monthly amount paid by each parent for the children's healthcare expenses not reimbursed by insurance.

**LINE 10c, Total Monthly Healthcare Expenses:** For each parent add the health insurance premium payments (line 10a) to the uninsured healthcare payments (line 10b) and enter these amounts on line 10c

**LINE 10d, Combined Monthly Healthcare Expenses:** Add the parents' total healthcare payments (line 10c) and enter this amount on line 10d.

#### **Daycare and Special Expenses**

LINE 11a, Daycare Expenses: Enter average monthly day care costs.

**LINE 11b, Education Expenses:** Enter the average monthly costs of tuition and other related educational expenses.

**LINE 11c, Long Distance Transportation Expenses:** Enter the average monthly costs of long distance travel incurred pursuant to the residential or visitation schedule.

LINE 11d, Other Special Expenses: Identify any other special expenses and enter the average monthly cost of each.

#### LINE 12, Combined Monthly Total of Daycare and

**Special Expenses:** Add the parents' total expenses (line 11e) and enter this total on line 12.

#### LINE 13, Total Healthcare, Daycare and Special

**Expenses:** Add the healthcare expenses (line 10d) to the combined monthly total of daycare and special expenses (line 12) and enter this amount on line 13.

#### LINE 14, Each Parent's Obligation For Healthcare, Daycare And Special Expenses: Multiply the total

healthcare, daycare, and special expenses amount (line 13) by the income proportion for each parent (line 6) and enter these amounts on line 14.

**LINE 15, Gross Child Support Obligation:** For each parent, add the basic child support obligation (line 9) to the obligation for extraordinary healthcare, daycare and special expenses (line 14). Enter these amounts on line 15.

#### Part V: Child Support Credits

Child support credits are provided in cases where parents make direct payments to third parties for the cost of goods and services which are included in the standard calculation support obligation (e.g., payments to an insurance company or a daycare provider).

**LINE 16a, Monthly Healthcare Expenses Credit:** Enter the total monthly healthcare expenses amounts from line 10c for each parent.

**LINE 16b, Daycare And Special Expenses Credit:** Enter the total daycare and special expenses amounts from line 11e for each parent.

**LINE 16c, Other Ordinary Expense Credit:** If approval of another ordinary expense credit is being requested, in the space provided, specify the expense and enter the average monthly cost in the column of the parent to receive the credit. (It is generally assumed that ordinary expenses are paid in accordance with the children's residence. If payment of a specific ordinary expense does not follow this assumption, the parent paying for this expense may request approval of an ordinary expense credit. This credit is discretionary with the court.)

**LINE 16d, Total Support Credits:** For each parent, add the entries on lines 16 a through c and enter the totals on line 16d.

#### Part VI: Standard Calculation/Presumptive

#### **Transfer Payment**

**LINE 17, For Each Parent:** subtract the total support credits (line 16d) from the gross child support obligation (line 15) and enter the resulting amounts on line 17. If the amount is less than \$50 per child for any parent, then enter the presumptive minimum support obligation of \$50 per child, instead of the lower amount.

# Part VII: Additional Informational Calculations

**LINE 18, 45% of Each Parent's Net Income From Line 3:** For each parent, multiply line 3 by .45. Refer to LIMITATIONS Standards #1: Limit at 45% of a parent's net income.

**LINE 19, 25% of Each Parent's Basic Support Obligation from Line 9**: For each parent, multiply line 9 by .25.

# Part VIII: Additional Factors for Consideration

Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #1: Consideration of all income: "all income and resources of each parent's household shall be disclosed and considered by the court when the court determines the child support obligation of each parent." (See page 1.)

LINE 20 a-h, Household Assets: Enter the estimated present value of assets of the household.

**LINE 21, Household Debt:** Describe and enter the amount of liens against assets owned by the household and/or any extraordinary debt.

#### **Other Household Income**

**LINE 22a, Income of Current Spouse or Domestic Partner:** If a parent is currently married to or in a domestic partnership with someone other than the parent of the children for whom support is being determined, list the name and enter the income of the present spouse or domestic partner.

LINE 22b, Income of Other Adults In The Household: List the names and enter the incomes of other adults residing in the household.

**LINE 22c,** Gross income from overtime or from second jobs the party is asking the court to exclude per INCOME STANDARD #4, Income sources excluded from gross monthly income (see page 2).

**LINE 22d, Income of Children:** If the amount is considered to be extraordinary, list the name and enter the income of children residing in the home.

**LINE 22e, Income from Child Support:** List the name of the children for whom support is received and enter the amount of the support income. Do not include the children for whom support is being determined.

**LINE 22f, Income from Assistance Programs:** List the program and enter the amount of any income received from assistance programs. (Assistance programs include, but are not limited to: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), SSI, general assistance, food stamps and aid, and attendance allowances.)

**LINE 22g, Other Income:** Describe and enter the amount of any other income of the household. (Include income from gifts and prizes on this line.)

**LINE 23, Nonrecurring Income:** Describe and enter the amount of any income included in the calculation of gross income (LINE 1g) which is nonrecurring. (Pursuant to DEVIATION STANDARD #1b: Nonrecurring income, "depending on the circumstances, nonrecurring income may include overtime, contract-related benefits, bonuses or income from second jobs." See page 3.)

LINE 24, Monthly Child Support Ordered for Other Children. List the names and ages and enter the amount of child support owed for other children, (not the children for whom support is being determined). Is the support paid? Check [] Yes or [] No.

LINE 25, Other Children Living in Each Household: List the names and ages of children, other than those for whom support is being determined, who are living in each household.

**LINE 26, Other Factors For Consideration:** In the space provided list any other factors that should be considered in determining the child support obligation. (For information regarding other factors for consideration, refer to DEVIATION STANDARDS. See page 3.) Also use this space to explain how you calculated the income and deductions in lines 1 and 2.

Guardianship Cases: When the children do not reside with any parent, the household income and resources of the children's custodian(s) should be listed on line 26.

#### Washington State Child Support Schedule Economic Table

Monthly Basic Support Obligation						
Per Child						
Repeat column heading						
Combined	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	
Monthly Net	Child	Children	Children	Children	Children	
Income	Family	Family	Family	Family	Family	
	•	•			i	
Minimum support s	For income less than \$1,000, the obligation is based upon the resources and living expenses of each household. Minimum support shall not be less than \$50 per child per month except when allowed by RCW 26.19.065(2).					
1000	216	167	136	114	100	
1100	238	184	150	125	110	
1200	260	200	163	137	120	
1300	281	217	177	148	130	
1400	303	234	191	160	141	
1500	325	251	204	171	151	
1600	346	267	218	182	161	
1700	368	284	231	194	171	
1800	390	301	245	205	180	
1900	412	317	258	216	190	
2000	433	334	271	227	200	
2100	455	350	285	239	210	
2200	477	367	298	250	220	
2300	499	384	311	261	230	
2400	521	400	325	272	239	
2500	543	417	338	283	249	
2600	565	433	351	294	259	
2700	587	450	365	305	269	
2800	609	467	378	317	279	
2900	630	483	391	328	288	
3000	652	500	405	339	298	
3100	674	516	418	350	308	
3200	696	533	431	361	318	
3300	718	550	444	372	328	
3400	740	566	458	384	337	
3500	762	583	471	395	347	
3600	784	599	484	406	357	
3700	803	614	496	416	366	
3800	816	624	503	422	371	
3900	830	634	511	428	377	
4000	843	643	518	434	382	
4100	857	653	526	440	388	
4200	867	660	531	445	392	
4300	877	668	537	450	396	
4400	887	675	543	455	400	
4500	896	682	548	459	404	
4600	906	689	554	464	408	
4700	916	697	559	469	400	
4800	927	705	566	409	417	
4900	939	714	573	480	422	
5000	951	723	580	480	422	
	331	125	500	400	420	

5100 5200 5300 5400 5500 5600 5700 5800 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6400 6500 6600 6700	963 975 987 999 1011 1023 1030 1036 1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096 1111	732 741 750 759 768 777 782 786 791 795 800 804 809 813 819	587 594 602 609 616 623 627 630 634 634 637 641 644 648 651 656	492 498 504 510 516 522 525 528 531 534 537 540 543 545	433 438 443 449 454 459 462 465 467 470 472 475 477 480
5200 5300 5400 5500 5600 5700 5800 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6400 6400 6500 6600	975 987 999 1011 1023 1030 1036 1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	741 750 759 768 777 782 786 791 795 800 804 804 809 813	594 602 609 616 623 627 630 634 637 641 644 644 648 651	498 504 510 516 522 525 528 531 534 537 540 543 543 545	438 443 449 454 459 462 465 467 470 472 475 477
5300 5400 5500 5600 5700 5800 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6300 6400 6500 6600	987 999 1011 1023 1030 1036 1042 1048 1054 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	750 759 768 777 782 786 791 795 800 804 809 809 813	602 609 616 623 627 630 634 637 641 644 644 648 651	504 510 516 522 525 528 531 534 537 540 543 543 545	443 449 454 459 462 465 467 470 472 475 477
5400 5500 5600 5700 5800 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6300 6400 6500 6600	999 1011 1023 1030 1036 1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	759 768 777 782 786 791 795 800 804 809 813	609 616 623 627 630 634 634 637 641 644 648 651	510 516 522 525 528 531 534 537 540 543 543 545	449 454 459 462 465 467 470 472 475 477
5500        5600        5700        5800        5900        6000        6100        6200        6300        6400        6500        6600	1011 1023 1030 1036 1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	768 777 782 786 791 795 800 804 809 813	616 623 627 630 634 637 641 644 648 651	516 522 525 528 531 534 537 540 543 543 545	454 459 462 465 467 470 472 475 477
5600      5700      5800      5900      6000      6100      6200      6300      6400      6500      6600	1023 1030 1036 1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	777 782 786 791 795 800 804 809 813	623 627 630 634 637 641 644 648 651	522 525 528 531 534 537 540 543 543 545	459 462 465 467 470 472 475 477
5700 5800 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6300 6400 6500 6600	1030 1036 1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	782 786 791 795 800 804 809 813	627 630 634 637 641 644 648 651	525 528 531 534 537 540 543 543 545	462 465 467 470 472 475 477
5800 5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6400 6500 6600	1036 1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	786 791 795 800 804 809 813	630 634 637 641 644 648 651	528 531 534 537 540 543 545	465 467 470 472 475 477
5900 6000 6100 6200 6300 6400 6500 6600	1042 1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	791 795 800 804 809 813	634 637 641 644 648 651	531 534 537 540 543 545	467 470 472 475 477
6000 6100 6200 6300 6400 6500 6600	1048 1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	795 800 804 809 813	637 641 644 648 651	534 537 540 543 545	470 472 475 477
6100 6200 6300 6400 6500 6600	1054 1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	800 804 809 813	641 644 648 651	537 540 543 545	472 475 477
6200 6300 6400 6500 6600	1061 1067 1073 1081 1096	804 809 813	644 648 651	540 543 545	475 477
6300 6400 6500 6600	1067 1073 1081 1096	809 813	648 651	543 545	477
6400 6500 6600	1073 1081 1096	813	651	545	
6500 6600	1081 1096				480
6600	1096	819	656		
				549	483
6700	1111	830	665	557	490
	1111	842	674	564	497
6800	1126	853	683	572	503
6900	1141	864	692	579	510
7000	1156	875	701	587	516
7100	1170	886	710	594	523
7200	1185	898	719	602	530
7300	1200	909	727	609	536
7400	1212	918	734	615	541
7500	1222	925	740	620	545
7600	1231	932	745	624	549
7700	1241	939	751	629	554
7800	1251	946	756	634	558
7900	1261	953	762	638	562
8000	1270	960	767	643	566
8100	1280	968 075	773	647	570
8200	1290	975	778	652	574
8300	1299	981	783	656	577
8400	1308	987	788	660	581
8500	1316	994	793	664	584
8600	1325	1000	797	668	588
8700	1334	1007	802	672	591
8800	1343	1013	807	676	595
8900	1352	1019	812	680	599
9000	1361	1026	817	684	602
9100	1370	1032	822	689	606
9200	1379	1040	828	694	611
9300	1387	1047	835	699	616
9400	1396	1055	841	705	620
9500	1405	1062	848	710	625
9600	1414	1069	854	716	630
9700	1423	1077	861	721	635
9800	1432	1084	867	727	639
9900	1441	1092	874	732	644
10000	1451	1099	879	737	648
10100	1462	1107	885	741	652

10200	1473	1114	890	745	656
10300	1484	1122	895	750	660
10400	1495	1129	900	754	664
10500	1507	1136	906	759	668
10600	1518	1144	911	763	672
10700	1529	1151	916	767	675
10800	1539	1159	921	772	679
10900	1542	1161	924	774	681
11000	1545	1164	926	776	683
11100	1548	1166	928	778	684
11200	1551	1169	931	780	686
11300	1554	1172	933	782	688
11400	1556	1174	936	784	690
11500	1559	1177	938	786	692
11600	1562	1179	940	788	693
11700	1565	1182	943	790	695
11800	1568	1184	945	792	697
11900	1571	1187	948	794	699
12000	1573	1190	950	796	700

The economic table is presumptive for combined monthly net incomes up to and including \$12,000. When combined monthly net income exceeds \$12,000, the court may exceed the maximum presumptive amount of support upon written findings of fact.